

Hazard Identification, Risk Assessment and Control (HIRAC) for Manual Handling Tasks

Health, Safety and Wellbeing

IIntroduction

INSTITUTE / CENTRE	CAMPUS
TASK UNDER REVIEW	
PEOPLE CONDUCTING REVIEW	Institute, Directorate or Centre Management Representative Health and Safety Representative
	Employees who perform task
REASON FOR REVIEW	 A report of musculoskeletal disorder is associated with this existing task Staff have expressed OHS concerns about this existing task New OHS information has become available in relation to this existing task Changes are being made to this existing task, object, tool, etc A new manual handling task is being introduced into the workplace Other:

Warning – Uncontrolled when printed! The current version of this document is kept on the University website.

Authorised by:	University Health and Safety Policy Committee		
Document Owner:	Head – Health, Safety and Wellbeing	Current Version:	27/01/2023
Page 1 of 4		Review Date:	31/12/2025
CRICOS Provider N	o. 00103D RTO Code 4909 TEQSA PRV12151 (Australian University)		

HIRAC Table for Manual Handling Tasks

2

Section 2a: Identify Risks – Long Duration Tasks	Comments
Step A: If the task is performed for more than 2 hours over a whole shift, OR c	ontinually for more than 30 minutes at a time, go to Steps B
and C below. If not, go directly to Section 2b overleaf.	
Step B: Tick the relevant box(es) if the task requires any of the following actio	ns to be done more than twice a minute (repetitive) OR more
than 30 seconds at a time (sustained):	
Bending the back forwards or sideways more than 20 degrees	
Twisting the back more than 20 degrees	
Backward bending of the back more than 5 degrees	
Bending the head forwards or sideways more than 20 degrees	
Twisting the neck more than 20 degrees	
Bending the head backwards more than 5 degrees	
Working with one or both hands above shoulder height	
Reaching forwards or sideways more than 30 cm from the body	
Reaching behind the body	
Squatting, kneeling, crawling, lying, semi-lying or jumping	
Standing with most of the body's weight on one leg	
□ Twisting, turning, grabbing, picking or wringing actions with the fingers, hands or arms	
Working with the fingers close together or wide apart	
Very fast movements	
Excessive bending of the wrist	
Step C: Tick the relevant box(es) if the task requires the application of force w	hilst:
Lifting or lowering	
Carrying with one hand or one side of the body	
Exerting force with one hand or one side of the body	
Pushing, pulling or dragging	
 Gripping with the fingers pinched together or held wide apart 	
 Exerting force while in an awkward posture (e.g. supporting items while arms or shoulders are in an awkward posture) 	
Moving items while legs are in an awkward posture	
□ Holding, supporting or restraining any object, person, animal or tool	

Warning – Uncontrolled when printed! The current version of this document is kept on the University website.

Authorised by: University Health and Safety Policy Committee		
Document Owner: Head – Health, Safety and Wellbeing	Current Version:	27/01/2023
Page 2 of 4	Review Date:	31/12/2025
CRICOS Provider No. 00103D RTO Code 4909 TEQSA PRV12151 (Australian University)		

Section 2b: Identify Risks – High Forces	Comments
Tick the relevant box(es) if the task involves any of the following high force acti	ons, even if force is applied only once
Lifting, lowering or carrying heavy loads	
Applying uneven, fast or jerky forces during lifting, carrying, pushing or pulling	
□ Applying sudden or unexpected forces (e.g. when handling a person or animal)	
Pushing or pulling objects that are hard to move or to stop (e.g. a trolley)	
□ Using a finger-grip, a pinch-grip or an open-handed grip to handle a heavy or large load	
Exerting force at the limit of the grip span	
Needing to use two hands to operate a tool designed for one hand	
□ Throwing or catching	
Hitting or kicking	
Holding, supporting or restraining a person, animal or heavy object	
Jumping while holding a load	
Exerting force with the non-preferred hand	
Two or more people need to be assigned to handle a heavy or bulky load	
□ Exerting high force while in an awkward posture (refer to Section 2a, Step B for guidance o	n awkward postures)
Tick the relevant box(es) if the employees performing the task report any of the	following:
Pain or significant discomfort during or after the task	-
The task can only be done for short periods	
Stronger employees are assigned to do the task	
Employees think task should be done by more than one person, or seek help to do task	
Employees say the task is physically very strenuous or difficult to do	

Risk Assessment

3

If any box has been ticked in Section 2a and/or 2b, the task presents a risk of injury. In addition, this injury risk may be aggravated by environmental conditions:

Compounding Risk Factors – Envir	ronmental	Compounding Risk Factor – Injury Experience			
Tick the relevant box(es) if the task	Tick the relevant box(es) if the task involves any of the following compounding risk factors				
 Vibration (hand-arm or whole-body) High temperatures Radiant heat High humidity Low temperatures 	 Wearing protective clothing while working in hot conditions Wearing thick clothing while working in cold conditions (e.g. gloves) Handling very cold or frozen objects Working in hot conditions and are not used to it 	 The report of a Musculo Skeletal Disorder (MSD) associated with the task usually means increased risk so implementing risk controls should be a high priority. In such cases, a documented risk control plan is mandatory. Has there been a report of a MSD associated with this task? 			

Note: By law, risks of manual handling injuries must be eliminated or controlled as far as is practicable. Generally, the greater the number of boxes ticked in Sections 2 and 3, the higher the risk of injury. And the higher the risk of injury, the greater the need for a documented risk control plan.

	Warning – Uncontrolled when printed! The current version of this document is kept on	the University website.	
Authorised by:	University Health and Safety Policy Committee		
Document Owner:	Head – Health, Safety and Wellbeing	Current Version:	27/01/2023
Page 3 of 4		Review Date:	31/12/2025
CRICOS Provider N	o. 00103D RTO Code 4909 TEQSA PRV12151 (Australian University)		

Risk Control Plan

Note: A combination of risk control measures may be required to decrease risk as far as practicable.

1. Can you stop doing the task or part of the task to eliminate the risk?

Yes (document below how this will be achieved)

No, or only part of it

2. Cai	n you eliminat	e or reduce th	e risk by doin	g one or mor	e of these things?
and su	pervision may	y be necessar	y to make the	ese controls w	ork properly.)

(Document the actions below and consider what information, instruction, training

(d) changing the objects used

d) changing the objects used in the task, or

e) using mechanical aids

b) altering the environmental conditions

c) altering the systems of work

a) altering the workplace

3. Can you reduce the risk with information, instruction, training and supervision? (Document below)

Short-term (immediately to within a few weeks)

Action required	Person responsible	Completion date	Reviewed date	Action completed

Medium-term (within a few weeks to a couple of months)

Action required	· · ·	Person responsible	Completion date	Reviewed date	Action completed

Long-term (within several months)

Action required	Person responsible	Completion date	Reviewed date	Action completed

Warning - Uncontrolled when printed! The current version of this document is kept on the University website.

Authorised by:	University Health and Safety Policy Committee		
Document Owner:	Head – Health, Safety and Wellbeing	Current Version:	27/01/2023
Page 4 of 4		Review Date:	31/12/2025
CRICOS Provider N	o. 00103D RTO Code 4909 TEQSA PRV12151 (Australian University)		

